

Calculation of temperature control in enclosures

What's needed:

- 1. The dimensions of the enclosure (height, width, depth) (m)
- 2. The enclosure position (e.g. single enclosure, enclosure in row) according to calculation formula, enclosure surface area A (m²)
- 3. The enclosure material (metal, plastic) heat transfer coefficient from table, k (W/m² K)
- 4. The temperature difference between desired enclosure interior temperature Ti (°C) and the expected ambient temperature Tu (°C) (e.g. day - night, summer - winter, climate zones) ΔT (K=Kelvin)
- 5. The stray power (self-warming) of all installed components during operation (e.g. transformers, relays, semiconductors) P_v (W)

Calculation and selection of parameters: enclosure surface area - heat transfer coefficient - temperature difference

1. Enclosure surface area from dimensions

2. Enclosure position (plan view) acc. to VDE 0660 part 500 Formular for cabinet surface area A (m2) H = height - W = width - D = depthSingle enclosure free on all sides $A = 1.8 \times H \times (W + D) + 1.4 \times W \times D$ Single enclosure, wall mounted $A = 1.4 \times W \times (H + D) + 1.8 \times D \times H$ First or last enclosure in free standing row $A = 1.4 \times D \times (H + W) + 1.8 \times W \times H$ First or last enclosure in wall mounted row $A = 1.4 \times H \times (W + D) + 1.4 \times W \times D$ Middle enclosure in free standing row $A = 1.8 \times W \times H + 1.4 \times W \times D + D \times H$ Middle enclosure in wall mounted row $A = 1.4 \times W \times (H + D) + D \times H$ Middle enclosure in wall mounted row with covered top $A = 1.4 \times W \times H + 0.7 \times W \times D + D \times H$

Example.: Enclosure free on all sides, 2000mm high / 800mm wide / 600mm deep. A = 1.8 x 2.0 x (0.8 + 0.6) + 1.4 x 0.8 x 0.6 = 5.712m²

3. Enclosure material and its heat transfer coefficient k (W/m² K)

Steel sheet, painted k~5.5W/m2 K Steel sheet, stainless k~4 5W/m² K

Aluminium $k\sim 12W/m^2 K$ k~4.5W/m² K Aluminium, double-walled Polyester $k\sim3.5W/m^2 K$ 4. Temperature difference ΔT (K=Kelvin)

 $\Delta T = Ti - Tu$

i.e. the temperature difference between interior and exterior

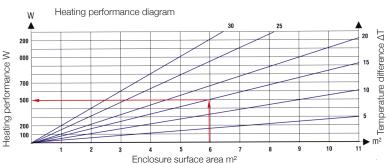
temperatures.

Calculation formula for required heating performance (heater):

Required heating performance $P_H(W)$ = enclosure surface area A (m²) x heat transfer coefficient k (W/m² K) x temperature difference ΔT (K) W = 5.5W/m² K Example.: 5.712m² 15K

Result: Heater with 500W heating performance is required. If enclosure is situated outdoors the calculated heating performance must be doubled!

Or choose required heating performance from diagram:



5. In case of continuous stray power P_v (W) (self-warming) this must be deducted from the calculated heating performance.

Choose required cooling performance from diagram: Or calculate using formula for required cooling performance (filter fan):

Required air volume V (8m3/h) =

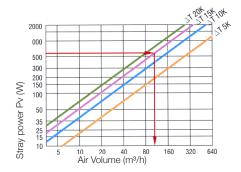
installed stray power Pv(W) x air constant f* (3.3m3K/Wh)

temperature difference ΔT (K)

Example.: V =

600W 15K

 $3.3m^3K/Wh = 132m^3/h$



*f(0-100)=3.1m3 K/Wh, f(100-250)=3.2m3K/Wh, f(250-500)=3.33K/Wh, f(500-750)=3.4m3K/Wh, f(750-1000)=3.5m3K/Wh